



Kindergarten Next Generation Science Standards Course Pacing Guide

Narrative and Rationale: The three bundles in this Kindergarten model are characterized by the overarching ideas that weather, sunlight, and the needs of living things affect us daily—ideas that apply to the physical, life, and Earth and space sciences, as well as engineering. Bundle 1 centers on a guiding question about pushes and pulls on objects and their effects. Bundle 2 centers on a guiding question about the needs of plants and animals for food, water, and sunlight to survive. Bundle 3 centers on a guiding question about the needs of plants and animals for food, water, and sunlight to survive. Bundle 3 centers on a guiding question about the needs of plants and animals for food, water, and sunlight to survive. Bundle 3 centers on a guiding question about the needs of plants and animals for food, water, and sunlight to survive. Bundle 3 centers on a guiding question about the patterns and effects of sunlight. While this framework is arranged by topic, the study of weather occurs throughout the year, over time.

In Kindergarten students begin to build their understanding of the Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs) of patterns and the relationship between cause and effect in a logical progression over time. This model also introduces students to the Science and Engineering Practices (SEPs). It places special emphasis on planning and carrying out investigations, analyzing and interpreting data, engaging in argument from evidence, and constructing explanations and designing solutions. However, additional SEPs should be used throughout instruction. The SEPs contribute to students' understanding of both the CCCs and the Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs) they explore in Kindergarten. Students become familiar with SEPs over the course of the year, and the level of sophistication at which they are able to engage in the SEPs increases over time.

Michigan Model Social and Emotional Health Safety	Bundle 2 Living Things	Bundle 2 Pushes and Pulls	Bundle 3 Patterns and Effects of Sunlight
~ 2 weeks	~ 16 weeks	~6 weeks	~12 weeks
Resources: MI Model <u>http://www.spsd.net/wp-</u> <u>content/uploads/2018/03/SEX-ED-</u> <u>NEWSLETTER.pdf</u>	Pearson Resources Chapter 2	Pearson Resources Chapter 1	Pearson Resources Chapter 3
Health Education	Bundle Question	Bundle Question	Bundle Question
What health habits and skills should we be practicing?	What is the relationship between the needs of different plants and animals and the places they live?	How do objects move and what happens when they interact?	What can we observe about sunlight?



Sept/Oct: K-LS1-1. Use observations to describe K-PS2-1. Plan and conduct an investigation patterns of what plants and animals to compare the effects of different Lesson #2 Lesson #8 (including humans) need to survive. strengths or different directions of pushes and pulls on the motion of an object. Safetv K-ESS2-1. Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe Feb/March: **K-PS2-2.** Analyze data to determine if a design solution works as intended to Lesson #5 patterns over time. change the speed or direction of an object For specific standards please refer to K-ESS2-2. Construct an argument with a push or a pull. the Michigan Model for Health supported by evidence for how plants Manual for Kindergarten. and animals (including humans) can K-ESS2-1. Use and share observations of change the environment to meet their local weather conditions to describe needs. patterns over time. K-ESS3-1. Use a model to represent the K-2-ETS1-3. Analyze data from tests of two relationship between the needs of objects designed to solve the same different plants and animals (including problem to compare the strengths and problem. humans) and the places they live. weaknesses of how each performs. K-ESS3-2. Ask questions to obtain information about the purpose of weather forecasting to prepare for, and respond to severe weather. **K-ESS3-3.** Communicate solutions that will reduce the impact of humans on the land, water, air, and/or other living things in the local environment. K-2-ETS1-1. Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.

NGSS Standards

Social/Emotional

NGSS Standards

NGSS Standards

K-PS3-1. Make observations to determine the effect of sunlight on Earth's surface.

K-PS3-2. Use tools and materials provided to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect of sunlight on Earth's surface.

K-ESS2-1. Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time.

K-2-ETS1-2. Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.